

Newport Mercury

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The Newport Mercury,

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THE NEWPORT MERCURY was established in June, 1838, and is now in its one hundred and thirty-seventh year. It is the oldest newspaper in the United States, with less than half a dozen exceptions, the oldest printed in the English language. It is a large quarto weekly of fifty-six columns filled with interesting reading—editorial, state, local and general news, well selected miscellany and valuable farmers' and household departments—reaching so many households in this and other States, the United States given to advertising is very valuable to business men.

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Societies Occupying Mercury Hall.

GRS. NATHANIEL GREENE COUNCIL No. 6, Order United American Mechanics, George H. Wilbur, Councilor; Daniel P. Dill, Recording Secretary; meets every Monday evening.

SENIOR LADIES No. 49, I. O. of O. F. V. Matt Francis, Noble Grand; Wm. H. Brown, Secretary; meets every Tuesday evening.

MALCOLM LODGE No. 93, N. E. O. P., Frank G. Scott, Warden; James H. Goddard, Secretary; meets 1st and 3d Wednesday evenings in each month.

THE NEWPORT HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, A. K. McMillan, President; Alexander McMillan, Secretary; meets 2d and 4th Wednesday evenings of each month.

OCHELY LODGE No. 7, A. O. U. W., Geo. H. Wilbur, Master Workman; Geo. A. Pritchard, Recorder; meets 1st and 3d Thursday evenings.

PARADE LODGE No. 338, K. of H., Dictator, Andrew Jackson; Reporter, O. H. Chase; meets 2d and 4th Thursday evenings.

BEDFORD LODGE No. 11, K. of P., W. L. Northup, Chancellor; Commander, Herbert L. Marsh, Keeper of Records and Seal; meets every Friday evening.

DAVIS DIVISION No. 8, U. R. K. of P., Sir Knight Captain, Everett L. Gorton; William D. Tow, Recorder; meets last Friday evening in each month.

Local Matters.

Aldermen's Meeting.

A special meeting of the Board of Aldermen was held Thursday evening. His Honor Mayor Farling presided and all members of the Board were present.

A communication from the Newport Waterworks Company, calling attention to the scarcity of water and the necessity for economy in its use, which had been overlooked at the last regular meeting, was read and received and referred to the committee on Streets and Highways.

A communication from the N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. Company, asking that Chas. E. Brisco be appointed railroad policeman, was read and received and the appointment made.

The mayor reported that Officer F. J. Eckhardt had been dismissed from the permanent police force for being absent from his post without leave, and appointed special officer Michael F. Shea to the vacancy. No member of the Board moved to confirm the nomination and the question of confirmation was put without a motion. All voted against confirmation except Mr. Hammett, who, after asking a few questions, cast his vote in the affirmative.

The complaint against Officer Eckhardt was for being off his beat without leave and it was reported that the complaint had been made by Special Shea whose appointment to the vacancy the Board refused to confirm, but this Chief of Police had denied, positively asserting that Shea did not report Eckhardt. Mr. Eckhardt had been connected with the police department for eight years, the latter five as a member of the regular force, and so far as general knowledge went was a faithful officer, which facts, his friends claim, should have entitled him to an exemption. Chief Read gives Mr. Shea, who had been on duty during the summer, an excellent record and recommended his appointment to the permanent force.

Newport Base Ball Association.

The Newport Base Ball Association has decided that if enclosed grounds can be had next season, it will put all players on the salary list, as well as three umpires. The directors of the association have had offers to have the Newport team enter the State league, but they have declined. The averages of the team have been made up and show a very creditable record. Since the team opened this season they have played twenty-one games and won sixteen. Among some of the most noteworthy clubs the local teams defeated were the Banner Boys, Manville, Somerville Reds and Boston Union.

The golf tournament for professionals, which occurred at the links of the Newport club this week, resulted in William Campbell of the Boston Country Club taking first prize with a record of 167 for four rounds of nine holes each and Wm. Dunn of Shinnecock Hills Club of Southampton, L. I., second with record of 174.

Death of Col. Frank G. Harris.

Brief Sketch of His Business Life in Newport.

Col. Frank G. Harris died in Bristol, England, Thursday afternoon. A cablegram announcing the fact was received here the same evening. Col. Harris was born in Bristol but from the time he was 18 until 1862 he made his home in this country, spending the latter twenty years of that period in Newport. He was a man of ability and enterprise and made his citizenship here one of prominence. He early identified himself with newspaper work and was the Newport correspondent of the Providence Journal and Bulletin for more than a decade from 1873, and of the New York World, New York Sun and other papers as late as 1890. He was also a special writer for the Boston Saturday Evening Gazette for several years, using Kingsdown as a nom de plume, and his contributions were always read with interest here and were widely copied. He also published a summer paper known as The Season for several years up to 1889, when he established the Newport Daily Observer of which he was editor and proprietor until 1892 when he sold out, being in poor health and having decided to return to England.

Col. Harris was a leading spirit in the Revue of Newport's Sons and Daughters, held here July 4, 1884, and much of the success of that occasion was due to his indefatigable work. Subsequently he compiled and published a history of the Revue which may be found in nearly every Newport library today.

He always took a deep interest in public affairs and early identifying himself with the Republican party became prominent in the politics of city and state. He was a member of Hon. George Peabody Wetmore's personal staff during that gentleman's two terms as governor of the state, was a delegate to the Minneapolis convention in 1892 that nominated Harrison for a second term, and was appointed one of the World's Fair Commissioners from this State, but the latter position he resigned. He was also a member of the Newport School Board for three years.

Col. Harris was 43 years of age, and leaves one son, Mr. Charles E. Harris, of New York.

Newport Convocation.

The regular meeting of the Episcopal churches of the convocation was held at St. George's church on Wednesday. At the business meeting in the afternoon, Archdeacon Tucker presided and Rev. G. Herbert Patterson acted as secretary. The members present were Rev. G. J. Magill, D. D., Rev. E. H. Porter, Rev. G. G. Gilliat, Rev. E. L. Buckley, Rev. Hamilton Schuyler, Rev. J. S. Pearce and Rev. J. C. Jones. The lay members present were Messrs. John M. Taylor, W. H. Sherman, William G. Schwartz, J. H. Corzenu, J. Nicholas Brown, Harold Brown, J. L. Northam, Collins Burrell, Dr. V. Mott Francis, Commander Stockton, F. S. Waite, Peter Quire and Henry Williams.

Reports were read concerning the Missions at Tiverton, Portsmouth and Block Island, all of which were shown to be in a very flourishing condition. Rev. G. G. Gilliat and Commander Stockton were elected members of the board of managers for the remainder of the convocation year and the by-laws were so amended as to allow the election of the board of managers at the annual meeting in May. The business meeting adjourned at 8 o'clock and at 8 o'clock the missionary meeting was held, the music being furnished by the Church Choir Guild. Rev. Dr. A. S. Chamber, rector of St. Anne's church, Lowell, Mass., and Dean of Lowell, preached the sermon.

The seventh missionary meeting of the convocation will be held at St. Matthew's Church, Jamestown, Monday evening. The choirs of Trinity and Emmanuel church will furnish the music. The next meeting will be held with St. Mary's church, South Portsmouth, on the 50th anniversary of the founding of St. Mary's Trust Estate, Tuesday, October 9. The vested choirs of St. John's and St. George's churches will furnish the music on this occasion.

This Year's Chrysanthemum Show.

The Newport Horticultural Society is getting ready for its fifth annual chrysanthemum exhibition and flower show, which is to be held at Masonic Hall on the 6th, 7th and 8th of November. A circular has just been issued by the society, giving a long list of valuable premiums, any one of which is well worth competing for, and the committee are already assured of a sufficient number of entries to make the exhibition equal to any of its predecessors.

The success of these exhibitions in the past has created widespread interest in floral culture and a wholesome rivalry between growers, both professional and amateur, that are sure to bring improvement every year. This year's exhibition by amateurs is sure to be far ahead of last year and in certain classes it is confidently believed it will exceed anything yet made by the professional gardeners.

Death of Admiral McCauley.

Admiral Edward Y. McCauley, of Philadelphia, died at his summer residence in Jamestown last Friday after a painful illness caused by cancer of the throat. Although his friends knew that there was no chance of his recovery his death was not expected so soon. His remains were taken to his home Monday evening by steamer General of the Wickford Line. Brief funeral services were held at his Jamestown residence, prayer being said by Chaplain W. O. Holway of the Training Station. The remains, in a black broadcloth casket with oxidized silver trimmings, were borne to the house by eight petty officers from the Training Station, the honorary pall bearers being Commander Dickens and Surgeon Price of the Training Station, Lieut. Commander Belknap of the Torpedo Station, Commanders Perry and Loary, and Lieut. Commander Blocker of the War College class, and Capt. Plank and Commander Uggas of the Swedish Navy. Upon arrival in Newport the remains were met by a detachment of marines from the Training Station, under command of Capt. Morse, and the officers of the several naval stations, and headed by the Naval Station Band, were escorted to the steamer's dock where they were in charge of a guard of seamen during the afternoon.

The Naval Reserves.

The Naval Reserves of the State have been having a week's drill in torpedo work, which all have seemed to enjoy and take a great interest in. The Bristol company came down each morning on the Planot and returned to their homes each night, while the Newport company used their boats to transport them to and from the Atlantic.

On Monday the various parts of the monitor were shown to the men and all its workings and apparatus. They were drilled in fire service, abandoning ship, and the sub-calibre guns were fully explained to them. Tuesday's programme began with getting the vessel underway and steaming outside for target practice. Divisional drills and instructions at main and secondary batteries were given and pistol and cutlass drills were held. On Wednesday practical torpedo practice was gone through at the Torpedo Station, including an explanation of the workings and a lecture on torpedo warfare. Thursday the Bristol company drilled at the Torpedo Station while the local company had the various turret and infantry drills, etc., on the Miantonomah and yesterday the same drills were gone through with the companies reversed.

The monitor leaves for Brooklyn Navy Yard today.

Burdick-Saunders.

Mr. William Burdick, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin S. Burdick, and Miss Sarah Louise Saunders, youngest daughter of Mr. Sarah R. Saunders, were very quietly married at the residence of the bride's mother on Thames street Monday afternoon. The ceremony was performed by Rev. George Cutter, D. D., of the Channing Memorial church, in the presence of the relatives and immediate friends of the couple. The bride wore a traveling dress of dark gray blue. There were no bridesmaids. At 6:10 the newly-married couple left for the White Mountains, where they will pass their honeymoon. Upon their return they will take up their residence on Rhode Island avenue. The presents were numerous and beautiful.

Daughters of the Revolution.

Monday afternoon the Daughters of the American Revolution held their annual meeting at the residence of Mrs. Gertrude V. C. Hamilton, "The Moorings," on Harrison avenue, where several delegates from various states and the members sojourning here still attended. After the business portion of the meeting had concluded, a new hymn was sung for the first time by a quartet, consisting of Mrs. B. H. Smith, soprano; Mrs. Yancou of California, contralto; Mr. T. M. Saxbury, Jr., tenor, and Dr. T. A. Kenefick, bass. The accompaniment was by Mrs. C. L. Best, wife of Col. C. L. Best, U. S. A., retired.

A New York despatch says that William Earle Dodge Stokes, the wealthy cousin of Ed Stokes of the Hoffman House and a well known summer resident here, is reported to be about to enter the holy bonds of matrimony with Senorita Rita Hernandez D'Alba de Astota, the beautiful and wealthy daughter of Seignior Ricardo Ricardo de Astota, who came to New York 25 years ago as a political refugee from Cuba.

On and after Monday next the street cars on the Broadway line will pass each other on the Bliss road switch instead of at the foot of Bull street. The cars going out will leave the head of Franklin street promptly on time and the incoming cars will leave the One-mile corner five minutes later.

Rev. W. Charles Wilson will officiate at All Saints Memorial Chapel tomorrow.

Newport Historical Society.

A special meeting of the Newport Historical Society was held Monday afternoon. Dr. H. E. Turner presided. The report of the committee on the preservation of old records was received and in accordance with its recommendation it was voted to employ an expert, Mr. F. W. R. Emery of Taunton, to prepare some 750 sheets of the old city records in the same manner as that adopted by the State of Massachusetts.

Lewis L. Simmons, Robert S. Franklin, Thomas D. Stoddard and James H. Goddard were appointed a committee to obtain, if possible, on deposit, the records of the several volunteer fire companies of Newport.

It was voted to publish a volume of the poems of the late Charles C. Vauzand, the selection of the same to be subject to the approval of Mrs. Vauzand, who will retain exclusive ownership of all the verses submitted, and all right of subsequent publication.

Mrs. John L. Tilley, of Orange, N. J.; W. K. Harrington, Max Levy, Major Henry Cooke Cushing, U. S. A.; J. P. Mumford of Philadelphia and Mrs. A. Livingston Mason were elected to membership.

Mr. R. H. Tilley, was authorized to provide additional shelf room.

Since the first of March 6000 persons have visited the rooms of the society, many of them to search for information in the old records.

Scott-Taft.

A very pretty wedding was celebrated on Tuesday at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Oelrichs on Kay street, the high contracting parties being Miss Helen Taft of Providence and Mr. James P. Scott of Philadelphia. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Coyle of St. Joseph's church and was witnessed by only the most intimate friends of the bride and groom.

The bride looked charming in a handsome gown of white satin and veil fastened with a tiara of diamonds, a gift of the groom as was also the handsome diamond necklace which she wore. In the afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Scott started for New York, en route for Europe.

It now transpires that Mr. P. H. Horgan was acting for himself and Mr. Edward Newton last week in the purchase of the Caswell lot on Thames street and Market square. These gentlemen will at once begin the erection on this lot of a three story brick building.

We have just received through the kindness of Mr. J. M. K. Southwick a large chart of the coast of the Yellow Sea and the Gulf of Peohili, the seat of the present Korean troubles. It has just been issued from the Hydrographic office at Washington and contains all the latest information.

The State Fair closed yesterday. It had been a grand success. Its sports, its exhibits and its attendance were gratifying to the management and the public alike, notwithstanding that much of the weather had been at least threatening.

The fifth meeting of the Town and Country club was held at Wakehurst, Mr. J. J. Van Allen's residence, yesterday afternoon. Prof. Manatt read a very interesting paper on "Summering in the Cyclades."

The Newport Historical society has voted to engage F. W. R. Emery, of Taunton, to prepare for preservation, according to the plans adopted by the State of Massachusetts, some 750 sheets of old city documents.

We desire to call our readers' attention to the change in the time table of steamer Canonic on the 8th page of this paper. The 7.30 P. M. trip from Jamestown and the 8.00 P. M. trip from this city have been discontinued.

Steve Brodie, the bridge jumper, will be seen here Monday night in "On the Bowery" for the benefit of the Police Relief Association.

Mrs. John Gladding of Harlem, Long Island, is guest of Mrs. Benjamin T. Easterbrooks.

The Aquidneck Cycle Club are arranging to give a lantern parade October 1.

The City bells were rung at 6 o'clock last night for the last time till March, 1895.

Mrs. W. A. Stedman of New York has been in town this week.

Appellate Division of the Supreme Court.

The September term of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court opened at the State House Monday morning, Chief Justice Matteson and Justices Stines and Tilligahall being present. The docket, not a very lengthy one, was called and the following cases continued: Equity—Patrick J. Murphy vs. Joseph Haire; Benjamin Fitch vs. William S. Bailey (dis); James T. Maher et al. vs. James B. Church et al.; Olden P. Rose vs. Lydia M. Rose, et al.; Emma M. Carr et al. vs. William H. Hoane, executor and trustee (dis)—now before Judge Baker, referee; Elizabeth R. McKee vs. Ferdinand A. Abell et al. (dis)—now before master; R. Dunlap & Co. et al. vs. Walter Sherman, Nicholas Hall vs. John P. Champlin. Exceptions—State vs. John Reynolds, app.; Thomas A. Kelley vs. Harry Force, app.; Divorce—Elizabeta Rosen vs. Morris Rosen. The cases of Henry A. Young, assignee, vs. Cushing Olmsted & Snow et al., and Severina Olsen vs. Joseph Hanson et al., et al., were discontinued.

In the case of Peter Robinson vs. Samuel C. Bailey et al., court ordered that the surety for defendant's costs be furnished within 30 days, or reason for not doing so to be given. Mary B. Macomber, administratrix, vs. Joseph E. Macomber, confirmation of decree asked for and counsel for defendant allowed a week to file briefs. George Beakhurst et al. vs. Hilton Clumby et al., motion for rehearing. Christiana S. Sayer et al. vs. Joshua Sayer, continued for 30 days. James A. Macomber et al. vs. Edward W. Howard, decree for plaintiff. William H. King, app., vs. George Gordon King, et al., counsel for defendant allowed ten days in which to file amended motion, and plaintiff given fifteen days after that in which to make reply. John S. Coggeshall, city treasurer, vs. Home for Friendless Children, heard and decision reserved. James Murray vs. Town Council of New Shoreham, and Abby E. Vigil vs. same, set down for 28th inst. Motion for new trial in case of William Elliot vs. Newport Street Railway Co. heard and decision reserved. Jeanie L. Miller vs. Clarence U. Coffin hearing in Providence today. Mary R. Rawson vs. Frank P. Rawson, for divorce, heard and granted.

At 3:30 Monday afternoon the court adjourned to next Friday.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

First St. E. Sunday School. The annual meeting of the Sunday School of the First M. E. Church, was held Monday night, the election of officers resulting as follows:

Superintendent—J. W. Horton. Assistant Superintendent—W. D. Bantley. Treasurer—Miss L. L. Lawton. Secretary—W. J. Bates. Chorale—E. O. Bight. Chorale—H. H. Arnold. Organist—Miss Edith Bailey. Assistant Organist—Miss Mary Popple.

Hope Lodge No. 3, K. of P. Chancellor—Commander—J. A. Cottrell. Vice—Commander—Albert Anderson. Prelate—Julius Edwards. Master of Exercises—J. A. Tabb. Master of Finance—E. O. Richards. Keeper of Records and Seal—D. R. Gardner. Master-at-Arms—William Fudge. Representative—J. A. Tabb and J. A. Tabb and Thomas A. Johnson.

Death of R. L. Rose.

Mr. Rowland L. Rose died quite suddenly Wednesday morning at his summer residence at the corner of Bellevue and Wheatland avenues, and his remains were taken to Providence Wednesday afternoon. The deceased was at the head of the R. L. Rose Company, Providence grocers, and was one of the best known business men in the state. He leaves a widow.

Fall River Line.

The Priscilla and Puitan are now in commission on the Fall River Line. The double daily service of this line closed on Saturday last when the Plymouth and Pilgrim were withdrawn from service.

One of the features of the season in Newport is the Fall opening of Millinery Goods at Schreier's Queen Anne Millinery Parlor. This event will take place next week on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, and it is safe to say that there will be a tempting array of millinery set forth in a most bewitching manner.

Louis Waters, a painter from New York, while working on the stables at the "Breakers" Wednesday noon, was bit on the shoulder by a portion of the planking about the stables falling to the ground. He was conveyed to the hospital, where it was found that although he had sustained severe bruises, no bones were broken.

The members of the Central Baptist Sunday School held a very enjoyable entertainment Wednesday evening. The exercises included instrumental music and recitations followed by refreshments.

Rev. Bishop Harkins returned to his home in Providence Monday, after five months of European travel, which included a month spent in Rome.

Miss Lottie MacDonald is visiting friends in Fall River.

MIDDLETOWN.

Town Council.—The regular monthly meeting of the town council and court of probate was held at the Town Hall on Monday afternoon with all the members in attendance.

IN COURT OF PROBATE.—The first account of Elizabeth B. Marshall, guardian of Henry F. Marshall, Jr., was presented, referred to the third Monday of October and notice ordered thereon. This comprised all the doing of the court of probate.

IN TOWN COUNCIL.—The bid of James Corrigan to stone and improve 1533 feet of the south end of Carver avenue for \$2223.85, was accepted and the contract for this improvement awarded to him. This was the section of highway left over from the council meeting of September 8 when the other five sections were awarded. Michael F. Shea was accepted as surety on the three bonds given by James Corrigan for the due execution of his three contracts and on two similar bonds given by William Thurston (Benjamin Easton was taken as surety. All the contracts have been delivered and the work of improvement is expected to proceed forthwith. The contracts secured by James Corrigan cover the larger part of the undertaking and involve an expenditure of money exceeding \$8000.

Charles H. Ward, Town Treasurer submitted his official bond in the sum of \$20,000 with the names of John D. Ward, Isaac A. Sherman and Gilbert L. Ward as sureties. The bond was approved and ordered on file.

Joel Peckham, Collector of Taxes, presented an account with the town of 1893, showing the complete collection of town tax amounting to \$14,718.20, interest collected by way of penalty for tardy payment of \$20.81 and that \$37.03 of poll tax had been collected. The whole amount of poll tax assessed was \$57.33. The account was received and ordered on file. Of town tax \$78.80 was remitted and never came to the hands of the Collector.

The Collector of Taxes was directed to give to the town treasurer in the sum of \$10,000, and Joseph Coggeshall and Charles Peckham were approved as sureties.

James Anthony was appointed a committee to employ Joseph P. Cotton, as supervising engineer of the execution of the six contracts for road improvement awarded by the town.

At the annual town meeting, William Spooner, Charles H. Ward and Jethro J. Peckham were appointed a committee to obtain a plan and specifications for enlarging the town hall and to report the same to the town council, who were authorized, if the plan and specifications met their approval, to proceed and enlarge the town hall according thereto, provided the cost did not exceed \$1000. Some time since a plan was presented which did not meet the approval of the council and it was rejected. On last Monday Mr. Ward of the committee presented another draft of a proposed addition which proved more satisfactory. There was some question as to whether this addition, could be erected for \$1000, some estimating the cost as high as \$1400. The council directed the committee to obtain specifications for the proposed addition when bids will be invited for erecting the same.

The following named accounts were allowed and ordered paid. Nathan B. Brown, repairs on highway district, No. 3, \$60.50; James H. Barker, repairs on bridges and roads in district, No. 4, \$68.18; Gilbert L. Ward, on contract for new road across Arnold Willbur farm, \$200.00; Lionel H. Peabody, building bridge at north end of Turner's Lane, \$37.25; Charles H. Ward, salary and expenses as town treasurer \$100.76; Joel Peckham, salary and expenses as Collector of Taxes, \$108.45; miscellaneous accounts, \$140.88; total \$727.31.

Among the Newport contingent at the White Mountains this week were Col. and Mrs. Howard Smith and Miss Outwater, Mr. and Mrs. Martin E. Bonnett, Mr. and Mrs. Job A. Peckham and Miss Peckham, Mrs. Samuel Allman, Mrs. Wm. Frank, Miss Barker, Miss May Norman Carr and Messrs. David Easterbrooks, Charles Parker, Charles R. Peabody and Joshua Bechler.

Mr. Thomas Crosby, Jr., of this city has been appointed instructor of English at Brown University. Mr. Crosby was a member of the last class which graduated from the University and his appointment is a very flattering mark of appreciation of his ability on the part of the Faculty.

The grand executive board, A. O. F. of A. of Rhode Island, including Grand Chief Ranger J. H. Canfield of Providence, made an official visitation to Court's Wagon, Ride of the City and Friendship, Monday evening.

The torpedo boat Cushing sailed Sunday for Peconic bay, where the class of officers on duty at the torpedo station joined her on Monday for instruction in the manipulating of the Whitehead torpedo.

Lieut. Hugh L. Willoughby entertained the officers of the monitor Miantonomah at "The Chalet" last evening.

The pupils of East Greenwich Academy made an excursion to this city yesterday.

Dr. C. W. Brown instituted a new council of American Mechanics at Drownville Thursday evening.

Mrs. Henry H. Gifford has returned from a visit to relatives in Providence.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lee of Joliet, Ill., are visiting friends in this city.

Miss Tillie St. Clair has returned from a visit to friends in Providence.

Miss Carrie Hall has returned from a trip to the White Mountains.

Mr. N. W. Littlefield of Providence has been in town this week.

GLEANINGS FROM HISTORY.

Presented by JAMES C. SWAN.

How Simon confederated himself with Antiochus Plus, and made war against Trypho; and a little afterwards against Centebus, the General of Antiochus's Army; and also how Simon was murdered by his son-in-law Ptolemy, and that by Treachery.

Now a little while after Demetrius had been carried into captivity, Trypho, his governor destroyed Antiochus, the son of Alexander, who was called the God and this when he had reigned four years, though he gave it out that he died under the hand of the surgeons. He then sent his friends, and those that were most intimate with him, to the soldiers; and promised that he would give them a great deal of money if they would make him king. He intimated to them that Demetrius was made a captive by the Parthians; and that Demetrius, brother of Antiochus, if he came to be king, would then make a great deal of mischief, in the way of revenge for their revolting from his brother. So the soldiers, in expectation of the wealth they should get by bestowing the kingdom on Trypho, made him their ruler. However, when Trypho had gained the management of affairs, he demonstrated his disposition to be wicked; for when he was a private person, he cultivated a familiarity with the multitude, and pretended to great moderation, and so drew them on artfully to whatsoever he pleased; but when he had once taken the kingdom, he laid aside any further dissimulation and was true Trypho, which behavior made his enemies superior to him; for the soldiers hated him, and revolted from him to Cleopatra, the wife of Demetrius, who was then shut up in Seleucia with her children. The Antiochus, who was called Soies, was not admitted by any of the cities on account of Trypho. Cleopatra sent to him, and invited him to marry her, and to take the kingdom. The reason why she made this invitation were these; that her friends persuaded her to it, and that she was afraid for herself, in case some of the people of Seleucia should deliver up the city to Trypho.

As Antiochus was now come to Seleucia, and his forces increased every day, he marched to fight Trypho; and having beaten him in the battle, he ejected him out of the Upper Syria into Phoenicia, and pursued him thither, and besieged him in Dora, which was a fortress hard to be taken, thither he had fled. He also sent ambassadors to Simon the Jewish high priest, about a league of friendship and mutual assistance; who readily accepted of the invitation, and sent to Antiochus great sums of money, and provisions, for those that besieged Dora, and thereby supplied them very plentifully, so that for a little while he was looked upon as one of his most intimate friends; but still Trypho fled from Dora to Apamia, where he was taken during the siege, and put to death when he had reigned three years.

However Antiochus forgot the kind assistance that Simon had afforded him in his necessity, by reason of his covetous and wicked disposition, and committed an army of soldiers to his friend Centebus, and set him at once to ravage Judea, and to seize Simon. When Simon heard of Antiochus's breaking his league with him, although he was now in years, yet provoked with the unjust treatment he had met with from Antiochus, and taking a resolution braver than his age could warrant, he went like a young man to act as general of his army. He also sent his sons before him, and himself, marched on with his army another way, and laid many of his men in ambush in the narrow valley between the mountains; nor did he fail of success in any of his attempts, but was too hard for his enemies in every one of them. So he led the rest of his life in peace, and did also himself make a league with the Romans.

Now he was the ruler of the Jews in all their years; but at a feast came to his end. It was caused by the treachery of his son-in-law Ptolemy; who caught also his wife, and two of his sons, and kept them in bonds. He also sent some to kill John the third son, whose name was Hyrcanus; but the young man perceiving them coming, he avoided the danger he was in from them, and made haste into the city Jerusalem, relying on the good will of the multitude, because of the benefits they had received from his father, and because of the hatred the same multitude bore to Ptolemy, so that when Ptolemy was endeavoring to enter the city by another gate, they drove him away, as having already admitted of Hyrcanus.

To be continued.

Kate Field and George Riddle, niece and nephew of the late Mrs. Milton H. Sanford of this city and New York, are contesting that lady's will. Mrs. Sanford died a few weeks ago and her will was filed for probate in this city, where she claimed a residence. It gives much valuable personal property, mostly paintings, to Miss Ada Newton who was a companion for several years to Mrs. Sanford. Miss Field and Mr. Riddle, who are the nearest relatives of Mrs. Sanford, have little prospect of getting much of the estate under the will, although Mr. Riddle is the residuary legatee. Hence they have appealed from the judge's decision admitting the will to probate. They allege that Miss Newton influenced Mrs. Sanford in her bequests.

Sister Mary Augustine died at St. Joseph's Convent on Tuesday and her death was a great shock to her pupils by whom she was dearly loved. A private mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Father Coyle and on Wednesday morning the remains were taken to Springfield by Father Coyle and Reverend Mother Albina for interment.

The recently elected officers of Hope Lodge, No. 3, K. of P., will be installed next Tuesday evening by Grand Chancellor O. A. Newton of Boston.

Miss Bertha Stale is in Bristol.

The Mercury.

JOHN P. BARKER, Editor and Manager.
SATURDAY, SEPT. 22, 1894.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The drought is broken and many parts of the country which have long suffered from it are being refreshed by plentiful rains.

Col. W. C. P. Brickeridge, the "silver-tongued" Kentuckian, will not be a member of the next Congress. His "stuck-upness at home" didn't run that way.

Another indication that Vermont has no use for Democrats in any capacity whatever is an advertisement given out by a Congregational church up there for a minister who is "young, married and a Republican."

It now looks as if the Democrats had done for the Republicans what the Republicans have never been able to do for themselves—made a break in the "solid south." The Louisiana have been "tricked" by their party once too often.

The great Republican victories all along the line, already acquired or positively assured, are apparently being taken by Democratic aspirants for high offices as a notice to "stand from under." Not even the hope for presidential honors in 1896 could induce Governor Flower to change a re-election by the people of the Empire state.

Lookout Inn, the large and elegantly appointed hotel on top of Lookout Mountain, Tenn., has been crowded to its utmost capacity during the past week to accommodate the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Old Fellows there assembled in annual convention. The visitors express themselves as highly pleased with their entertainment, however, and speak with enthusiasm of the grand old mountain and its historic surroundings.

The state ticket nominated by the Republicans of Connecticut at their convention on Wednesday is certainly a strong one and at this writing it has the decided look of a winner. Hon. O. Vincent Colby, who heads the ticket, was twice elected to the state senate by his district which had given a Republican majority but twice in about 30 years. For lieutenant governor the Hon. Lorin A. Cooke of Barkhamsted was nominated by acclamation.

The Republicans of New York held their convention at Saratoga Tuesday and nominated Hon. Levi P. Morton for Governor, Hon. Charles T. Saxton for Governor, Hon. Charles T. Saxton for Wayne county for Lieutenant Governor, and Judge Albert Haight of Erie county for Judge of the court of appeals. It was one of the most enthusiastic and yet harmonious political gatherings in the history of the Empire State and the ticket selected is one of highest character and acknowledged strength. Mr. Morton was minister to France under Garfield and Arthur and vice president of the United States during the last Republican administration, and is in every way fitted for the position to which he has now been nominated. Mr. Saxton, the nominee for second place on the ticket, is president of the present state senate, and Judge Haight, who is named for the court of appeals, is now Judge of the Supreme Court of New York.

New England Industries.

Noticing that neither the Fall River nor New Bedford mills have started up this morning, the Daily News goes on to say:

"This may be rather hard on the stockholders and operatives but it is good for the country at large which has been suffering from overproduction in the line of manufacturing. The operatives in these two cities will be greatly benefited by the reduction in the price of their goods."

A few days ago the same newspaper told us that the over production was not confined to the United States only. This is certainly true and it is equally true that mill owners abroad have only been waiting for a reduction in our tariff to unload upon our market the just so much of their over production as we can or will take and at about the prices we will or can pay. It is a mere question of time when our other mills will be driven to follow the example of New Bedford and Fall River. The "country at large" may have cheaper goods, but New England will have a harder time of it. The foreign surplus is enormous and the competition by a reduction in rates. The operatives may have to choose between lower wages or going to farm Western lands. They can not raise any products from New England soil to compete with the crops of the fertile western valleys. If they cannot manufacture at the same wages as the transatlantic factory band, they will find themselves between the devil and the deep sea indeed.

How the "country at large" is to pay for this flood of foreign manufactures, on which it seems Mr. Carlisle depends to make both ends meet in the U. S. Treasury, we do not see. The present outlook for a foreign demand for our goods is not promising. If we are to continue foreign products in excess of former years we must pay for them in gold. In another month we shall know not only whether our heavy export of gold is to remain abroad but whether more is to follow. It is a serious business.

The financial editor of the New York Sun issued his weekly bulletin Monday under the caption "quiet times ahead." "Quiet" may prove a mild adjective.

A Political Lesson.

The events of the last two years have demonstrated the folly of banking business and industrial questions on the issue of a Presidential campaign. Democrats may believe in protection to American industries and yet hold fast to the old constitutional doctrine of their party, and Republicans may be opposed to high or prohibitory tariff laws and yet be unwilling to turn over the administration of the government to the sectional control of Democrats of the Calhoun and Jefferson Davis school. It has been over and over again argued in these columns that economic theories should not be made a leading plank in a party platform or be referred for decision to a popular vote in connection with theories of administration or of constitution. The interests of the United States are as varied as its soil and its climate. The interests of the sheep grower and the manufacturer of woollen goods are not identical nor yet those of the cotton planter and the northern factory hand. The Southern planter and the Western farmer may think it in their interest to open the markets of the United States to the cheap product of foreign looms, while those who live by mechanical and mining industries and especially by hand manufacture, may feel that adequate protection is necessary to their existence. Shall their opinions or their votes on these vital subjects determine that party policy?

The question is not whether there shall be a high or low protection, but whether there shall be any protection at all. The framers of the Chicago platform declared the old doctrine of Calhoun and the Southern extremists that all protection is a violation of the Constitution. Here is the plank: "We declare it to be a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the Federal government has no constitutional power to impose or collect tariff duties except for the purpose of revenue only. It is therefore the duty of every Democratic administration to discontinue this fundamental principle and to protect the principle of protection to American manufactures has been by each and every Democratic administration expressly recognized. Albert Gallatin, the masterly Secretary of the Treasury under Jefferson and Madison, expressly declared that he was "one of those who believed the power to be expressly granted by the Constitution." Jackson, in a message to Congress recommended duties which would place our manufactures "in fair competition with those of foreign countries."

The protection of American manufactures from British interference was one of the chief demands of the Colonies. To protect them was the very first act of the Congress of 1789. During the Revolution and under the confederation from the peace of 1783 to the adoption of the Constitution in 1789 the revenues were imposed on the States by Congress in proportion to population. The failure of this system from the unwillingness or inability of some of the States to meet the Federal requisitions was a primary incentive to the more perfect union of 1789. The idea of entering a State was repugnant to our forefathers; and they were careful in the organic law of 1787 to avoid the coercion of the individual as far as practicable with the dignity or security of the National power. The capitation tax applied among the States is only a relic of the old Trade Tax. It is not likely that we shall ever repeat the experiment of state custom collection. This plan of per capita taxation being out of the question, the only methods open by which money may be raised for federal purposes are:

1. A direct income tax. This, as Senator Hill stated in his able argument which leads to suppose that if he is still a Democrat it is as a Hamilton with the play left out, this mode of taxation by the federal government though not prohibited was not contemplated by the fathers of the Republic. And because it was held to be a proper function of the several States, while it is perfectly right and just that great estates like those of the Astors and Vanderbilts for instance, should be made to contribute to the revenues of the states and cities in which they live and whereon the incomes on such estates are earned through the labor of citizens of those cities, there is no reason why Mr. Astor or Mr. Vanderbilt should pay one dollar more than the poorest of his tenants to the federal government for his personal share of federal protection. In time of war the question assumes another phase. The expenses of war being for the protection of property as well as of the person, property should pay its just proportion.

2. Import or tariff on imports. Excise on internal production. The excise tax was paid by the districts of our forefathers, a heritage from their English, Scotch and Irish ancestors who hated the excise man. So universal was this feeling that the first Continental Congress of 1774, that able body of men of whom the great Lord Chatham said that their state papers were not excelled by those of any Senate, ancient or modern, declared in their list of grievances "tax by excise to be the horror of all free states" and that because it brings with it the abuse and favoritism of power, the midday invasion of home, the subordination of the officer, the inequality of enforcement. When the white voters of North Carolina and Kentucky again divide on party lines the excise laws will assume a different phase. The early Democracy held Hamilton's excise on distilled spirits to be the chief grievance of the rule of the federalists. The present internal revenue tax is a legacy of the late war. But for the Rebellion, the Southern states would not have been compelled to pay the direct tax on their tobacco, this indirect tax on their grain.

The import or duties on foreign imports has been and is the most acceptable form of collection of revenue. The only question is shall it be uniform on all articles or shall it be graduated list whatever or shall it be graduated to protect American industries. The horizontal duty, or equal duty on all imports, is not a new idea but an exclusively Democratic theory. Clay, the father of what we know as the American policy, favored it. But the conditions not only of the United States but of the world have changed. The population of the United States has increased since the flood of immigration began in 1848 and from being chiefly agricultural has become each year more and more a manufacturing population. New York state alone has manufactured goods valued each year exceeds as the San Francisco states, by five hundred million dollars that of the entire South. On the other hand, mechanical inventions have so reduced the cost of production and increased the output of manufactures that there is an excess of production over the world's demands. There is nothing illogical in Mr. Davis's demand for a horizontal duty. But that there is nothing unconstitutional in a protective tariff is too evident for controversy and the claim that the people have accepted that plan of the Chicago platform is not justified by the result of the late election. Vermont and Maine have already pronounced themselves and the signs are that Louisiana and West Virginia will subscribe to the verdict. This introduction of tariff into the presidential election will prove a boomerang to Cleveland and the the-

orists who claim to know better what is good for the people than the people themselves. We shall see.

A WHIG REPUBLICAN.

HER PRIVATE LIFE.

How Little We Know of Each Others Affairs.

Troubles and Trials Which We Keep To Ourselves.

Some Good Reasons Why It's Wise To Tell Our Experiences.

A story of great suffering comes from Millilux, Va. Mrs. B. A. Stockwell, a well-known lady residing there, has endured the most intense agony from headaches. She continued to suffer faithfully without obtaining relief. Finally a friend who had recovered from a similar complaint told her just what to do to be cured.

She knew well and wanted every suffering woman to know about it. Here is her remarkable letter:

"About a year and a half ago," she says, "I had a time of very severe headaches, which, while they lasted, where so bad I could not sit up. They lasted from one or two days, generally two, and after I got over them I was completely prostrated. I tried many remedies but could not find anything to relieve me. I became fully discouraged and down-hearted and feared I should never get well."



MRS. B. A. STOCKWELL.

"I finally began the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy and in a very short time was much better. I am now entirely cured thanks to the wonderful medicine. I desire to recommend it to everyone who is suffering from any complaint for I know that it will cure them."

People everywhere are suffering from disease when if they would use Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy they would be cured. If you, reader, have headache, pain in any part, or any symptom of nervous or chronic disease take this great remedy and you will be made perfectly well. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, of 84 Temple Place, Boston, Mass., the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

Work at The Herreshoffs.

The Herreshoffs have two new steam yachts in course of construction at their works in Bristol. One is to be for the private use of Mr. John B. Herreshoff. It will measure 55 feet over all and about 72 feet on the water line and be much of the same pattern as the Eugenia. The other, the wooden monitor for which were finished on Monday, is being built for Theodore K. Hostetter of the Hostetter Bitters Company of Pittsburgh, Penn. This craft will measure 181 feet over all, with 15-1-2 feet beam, and the specifications call for a boat of the finest construction in stock and workmanship ever turned out by the Herreshoffs. She will be launched some time next spring.

Dr. Levi Wheaton Clapp was instantly killed Tuesday evening by falling down a bank wall at the rear of his residence in Pawtucket. Dr. Clapp was a graduate of Brown University and of the Harvard Medical School. He had been a practicing physician in his native town for upwards of 30 years, first in company with his father, the late Dr. Sylvanus Clapp, and was well known throughout the state.

A. O. D. Taylor.

Real Estate Agent, 121 Bellevue Avenue, Newport, R. I.

Amongst the many farms which I had for sale, I especially recommend the purchase of a tract of 150 acres of good pasture and farm buildings, and very fertile land, located in the city of Pawtucket, R. I. It is situated in Middleboro. For particulars on application.

MARRIAGES

At Newport, R. I. on Sept. 13, 1894, James B. Scott of Pawtucket, Pa. to Ellen M. Hall of Providence, R. I.

DEATHS

In this city, Sept. 20, Edward R. daughter of William and late Mrs. A. P. P. 1894, in the 11th year of her age.

In Newport, R. I. 18th inst., suddenly, Mary Ann, aged 2 years and 25 days.

In this city, 18th inst., Mrs. Infant daughter of Nicholas and Abby Murray, aged 9 months and 3 days.

In this city, 18th inst., Mary, widow of Barney McDevitt, aged 80 years.

In Portsmouth, N. H., 18th inst., Bridget, wife of Michael Martin, aged 85 years.

In New Bedford, 18th inst., Joseph R. Parker, aged 71 years and 8 months.

In New Bedford, Sept. 18, Nathaniel Parker, Leffing, N. D., 18th inst., Benjamin E. Bryant, 17th inst., Frederick C. Grube, 17th inst., Mary Ann, 18th inst., 17th inst., Edward M. Wilson, 17th inst.

In East Providence 18th inst., William Wallace Monroe, town treasurer, in his 88th year.

In Fall River, 18th inst., Mary Ann Baker, in her 78th year.

In Pawtucket, 18th inst., Dr. Levi Wheaton Clapp, in his 45th year.

In New Bedford, 18th inst., 18th inst., wife of Daniel O. Bates, in her 72d year.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Comptroller Eckels Put His Foot in It Again—Secretary Carlisle's Attempt to Throw Doubt in the Voters' Eyes—The Issue Presented That Mr. Cleveland Does Not Want to Bring in the President.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17, 1894. (From our Regular Correspondent.)

Mr. Cleveland's "boy comptroller" of the currency has been putting his foot in it again, it seems, by expressing financial opinions. According to current gossip in inside democratic circles, a delegation of influential democrats from the south and northwest have been to see Secretary Carlisle for the purpose of informing him that Comptroller Eckels must be unseated during the rest of the campaign, as his financial opinions were accepted as those of the administration and would bring on an open revolt among the silver and inflationist democrats if he persisted in publicly stating them. The relations between Secretary Carlisle and Comptroller Eckels have never been open and friendly, as Mr. Carlisle has never forgotten that Eckels was appointed by Mr. Cleveland without his knowledge, and Eckels has had the big head over since his appointment, acting as though he considered himself an entirely independent of Secretary Carlisle and only responsible to Mr. Cleveland. Notwithstanding these strained relations it is said that Secretary Carlisle sent for Mr. Eckels to come to his private office, and placed the complaint before him, thinking to win his consent to what was desired with pleasant argument. The result was somewhat surprising. Eckels got mad, and told Carlisle that the financial opinions he held and made public at every opportunity were precisely those held by Mr. Cleveland and that he should accept every legislation that was extended him to express them by making addresses before financial bodies. Mr. Carlisle has a temper when it is aroused, and this young man fully aroused it, and for the next few minutes he has imagined himself listening to a Kentucky teamster arguing with a baby horse.

It was probably the worst quarrel of an hour young Eckels ever got into. It is said that Eckels is inclined to carry the quarrel to Buzzards Bay and to appeal to his patron to stand by him. Mr. Carlisle is said to be willing to let it drop, provided Eckels does not attempt to make any more financial addresses or to get himself interwoven on financial matters during the remainder of the campaign; and that his mind is fully made up, if he does, to let Mr. Cleveland choose whether his Secretary of the Treasury or his Comptroller of Currency shall resign. The quarrel occurred before Mr. Eckels' Grand Rapids speech, which Secretary Carlisle did not seek to prevent, but to have made commonplace and without decided opinions.

Secretary Carlisle is thoroughly imbued with the idea that members of the administration should keep mum on the financial question, allowing democratic stump speakers to make the most of the recent resumption of the currency of silver dollars by the inflationist. He has been so much so that he has declined an invitation to deliver an address before the American Bankers' Association, at Baltimore, on the 14th of next month. He made the excuse that it was because he had already accepted an invitation to deliver an address at Batavia, N. Y., on the 13th of October, on the life and character of Robert Morris, the revolutionary patriot, that he could not address the Bankers' Association; but it is an open secret here that if it were not for the fact that he has been so much so that he has declined an invitation to deliver an address before the American Bankers' Association, at Baltimore, on the 14th of next month. 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FIRED THREE SHOTS

David O'Horne Attempted to Kill Judge Lawrence.

Story of Events Which Led to the Assault. The Would-be Murderer Had Many Times Threatened Personal Violence.

RUTLAND, Vt., Sept. 19.—An attempt was made yesterday to kill Judge Lawrence. David O'Horne, who is thought to be partially insane, went into his office and fired three shots at him. None of the shots, however, took effect, though one ball passed through the front of the judge's coat. O'Horne was locked up.

Judge Lawrence was interviewed some after the affair and said: "I have known O'Horne quite well since he was elected a trustee of the village several years ago, when I met him in a business way. Some time in February, 1893, he came to me with a claim against the Phoenix Insurance company of New York. The claim was in consequence of a house belonging to himself and some relatives. 'After the adjustment of the spring term of the court he complained because I had not tried his case during the term. I explained to him repeatedly that under the rules and pressure of business it was utterly impossible to try the case. Then he threatened me with personal violence.

The purport of his language was that he would kill me.

"At the end of the September term of the county court that same year, one of the cases that were left over from spring had been tried. After adjournment of court O'Horne said he would kill me if I did not get the money at once.

"At the March term of the county court J. C. Jones, who represented O'Horne's sister in the case, made an adjustment with O'Horne, who represented the insurance company, by which the company paid the full amount, less the interest and costs. To this I, representing O'Horne, agreed. The payment was made by check on deposit to Mr. Jones and myself.

"When the draft was brought before the court I was busy with a case and Mr. Jones called my attention to the matter, asking me to endorse it, which I did. Mr. Jones took it, and in the ordinary course of business deposited it and settled with his own client. But as to O'Horne's interest he could make no settlement, as there

was no valid transfer of title. "O'Horne has several times since threatened me with violence for keeping the money which I had never received, pointing an attachment on the sum.

"Yesterday he came to my office, and in an excited manner said he would give me just 24 hours in which to pay over the money. Our conversation was brief, and he left me after renewing his threats.

"When O'Horne entered my office this morning I greeted him pleasantly, but he said nothing and passed into the side office. I was engaged for a minute or two, and then I spoke to him, asking him what I could do for him.

"At this he returned to the room in which I was sitting, and said: 'You know what I said yesterday, don't you?'

"I said: 'Yes, I remember,' and then undertook to explain again the matter to him. Upon this he pulled a revolver and pointed it at me. I tried to grapple with him, but he was too quick for me and stopped to one side.

"Upon this, I slipped into my office and tried to shut the door. He followed, and fired at me. I threw my body one side. The ball struck the button of my coat, over my chest, knocking it off and cutting the cloth. In dodging I slipped and fell on my hands and knees. As I sprang to my feet I heard O'Horne running down the stairs. I then went out and made a complaint to the officers."

Connection with Republican Meet.

HAVERHILL, Sept. 19.—The Republican state convention assembled here last evening. The temporary chairman is ex-Congressman Shinn. After selecting committees on credentials, permanent organization and resolutions, the convention adjourned until today. It is the impression that the gubernatorial nomination will be between ex-Senator Coffin of Middletown, General Merwin of New Haven and John A. Porter of Danbury.

Shinn's Return.

SUDBURY, N. H., Sept. 19.—After being idle since Aug. 23, the mills here have resumed work. A break was made by the Pauline and Webster, when a few weavers went to work, starting about 75 looms. Yesterday 200 looms were running, and spinners and others are fast returning to work. At the largest mill, the China, nothing has yet been done toward starting up.

Most of the New York Republicans' Choice.

SAKATOGA, Sept. 19.—After one of the longest sessions in one of the sturdiest convention halls in the state, Hon. Levi P. Morton was nominated as the Republican candidate for governor and Senator Charles T. Saxton of Wayne county for lieutenant governor. Mr. Morton was nominated on the first ballot.

Discussed the Mill Strikes.

BOSTON, Sept. 19.—Yesterday afternoon's session of the national convention of multiple spinners was devoted to a discussion of the Fall River and New Bedford strikes. The action of the strikers was heartily endorsed, and it was resolved to fight it out. An assessment has been levied on all the associations.

The Vermont Sugar Bounty.

RUTLAND, Vt., Sept. 19.—The licensed maple sugar producers of Vermont, on the advice of ex-Senator Edmunds, propose to institute proceedings against the national government for earned bounties on crops of 1894, the payment of which has been refused by the secretary of the treasury.

Flaheity Held for the Grand Jury.

ROCKLAND, Me., Sept. 19.—The coroner's jury in the Powers homicide case reported that Walter Powers' death was caused by kicks administered by Lawrence Flaheity, one of the crew of fishing schooner Fred and Elmer of Boston. Flaheity will be held for the grand jury.

Stimpkins Wreck.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Sept. 19.—John Stimpkins swept the city, and the Republican congressional nomination is assured him. The total vote of the caucuses stands: Randall, 189; Stimpkins, 373. Randall did not carry a ward.

Charged With Arson.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 19.—William Ford of Fairhaven, night watchman at M. C. Fay's carriage factory, is under arrest, charged with having set fire to the factory.

Proceedings Were Secret.

LOWELL, Mass., Sept. 21.—The inquest in the case of Mary S. Foster, murdered at Billerica, was held yesterday behind closed doors. The evidence has not been made public.

To Take a Trip Abroad.

BOSTON, Sept. 19.—Frank Walsh, a railroad delivery clerk, was caught between two cars and badly crushed. He died soon after.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

Saturday, Sept. 15.

Farm buildings at Fort Fairfield, Me., were burned.—A block of San Francisco houses were destroyed by fire.—Scotch miners deny that their strike is finished.

The international peace congress opened at Perugia, Italy.—A meeting of artillerymen in Guatemala was quelled by the president.—The Austro-Hungarian budget shows an increased expenditure for 1895.—Western Kansas hogs were sold at Fort Scott for more cost of transportation.

Incendiary attempts were made to burn the Old Soldiers' Home property at Washington.—William Chapman of Haverhill, Mass., was held for murder, consequent upon his firing a hot lead through the head of a man in a building destroyed by a conflagration in Shum-King, China.—Ex-Senator George T. Edmunds of Vermont was elected a vice president of the Immigration Restriction league.

Mrs. Gougar lost her case against Congressman Morse.—The other labor organizations at New Bedford, Mass., condemn the splinter of double dealing.—A horse ran over four children at Lewiston, Me., and two were probably fatally injured.

A child is made at Fall River, Mass., that in consequence of a law in the license commission law, only the adulterers have power to revoke licenses.—Robert J. Russell, a millionaire in 1893 at Terre Haute, Ind.—The cruiser Adams met with an accident in Behring sea and was towed 100 miles by the gunboat Yorktown.—The danger of another war between Chili and Peru is regarded as very imminent.—The Woman's Relief corps adopted a resolution strongly advocating the teaching of patriotism in the public schools.—Broad street's weekly trade outlook finds business stimulated.—Governor Peck is inquiring into the needs of the Wisconsin laborers.—Frank Morris, the 10-year-old Pennsylvania murderer, was captured.—President Tyler's grandson, the first male infant born in the White House and his family were found living in destitution in Washington.—Dewey is not a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor of New York.

An extensive forest fire is raging in the vicinity of the Tule River Indian reservation.—The Montreal police department is to be investigated.—Rev. Dr. T. J. Kennedy, president of Amity college, College Springs, Ia., is thought to have been murdered by anti-Prohibitionists.—This year's coffee crop is the largest in the annals of the trade.—Japanese attempted to surprise the Chinese at Ping-Yang and were repulsed with heavy slaughter.

Sunday, Sept. 16.

Charles T. Hemmingway, inspector of immigrants at New Haven is dead.—Willard Reed, charged with the murder of his brother Charles, at Graniteville, Mass., was locked in the county jail.—A boy was drowned by falling into a tub of water at Greenfield, Mass.—Wall River (Mass.) spinners and weavers voted not to return to work at the reduced wages, and a bitter struggle is in prospect.—Three prisoners escaped from jail at Littlefield, Conn.—Captain M. B. Beldingman of the cruiser Baltimore died at Tacoma, Wash.—A street duel between two Texas editors resulted in the death of both.—The New York tailor's strike is ended.—Miss Martha Leonard, a wealthy New York society girl, is going on the stage.—There was a \$600,000 fire in the business section of Scranton, Pa.—Treasury receipts for September will probably be slightly less than the expenditure.—A bill has been discovered.—Secretary Carrillo reiterates his decision that he will pay no more sugar bounties.—The ex-reviled Queen Victoria to the wedding of the czarowitz and Princess Alix.—Receivers of the New York and New England railroad have placed an attachment on the Wallum Pond Ice company of Douglas, Mass., for \$23,000.

Monday, Sept. 17.

The 70th anniversary of the ordination of Rev. Thomas T. Stone, D. D., was observed at Bolton, Mass.—The will of Charles M. Bond, the eccentric millionaire of Hartford, is to be contested.—Several persons were injured by the falling of a floor in a church at Springfield, Mass.—Ex-Prest Lloyd was refused permission to lecture in the Springfield (Mass.) Opera house.—An ex-convict of the New London (Conn.) jail stole blank checks, filled them out, forged the sheriff's name and realized on them.—The Palisades on the Hudson are being rapidly demolished.—George Conway of North Conway, N. H., tried to commit suicide in Pittsburgh.—The annual convention of the German Roman Catholic Central Verein opened in New York.—Frank lives offers to play Slosson at 14 inch balk line for any amount of money.—The Austrian consul general in New York, who has left the country, is said to be short in his accounts.—M. A. Bell, a business man of Cleveland, committed suicide in a New York hotel.—There was an enthusiastic demonstration in various Boston districts of Prince Bismarck.—Japanese captured the castle of Mwan-Ju, after heavy fighting. A battle is impending at Phong Yang.—A fleet of 21 Japanese transports is said to have sailed for China.

Tuesday, Sept. 18.

The Scotch miners' strike is ended.—More simoniac cases discovered in New York.—Peruvian rebels captured two towns.—Emmett is the English sculling champion.—Francis Gross committed suicide at Winchester, Mass.—Two children were burned to death at Keweenaw, Ill.—The California Savings and Loan society is insolvent.—Moors looted European consular offices at Casablanca.—A Pole and his wife committed suicide at Buffalo.—Harrison will confine his campaign speeches to Indiana.—James brothers of Chicago, N. H., were held for highway robbery.—The New England lumber catch promises to be of good proportions.—Sketches of Italians have been ordered made for the new Massachusetts state seal.—Spain is seeking strictly reciprocal relations with the United States.—The weekly Boston bank statement shows increased deposits and decreased loans.—Marion Conkley of New York fatally shot her husband for rolling onto their baby.—Prices of coal are the same as they were in the spring.—German Catholics in New York voted to preserve and propagate the parochial school system.—James Madden of Lynn, Mass., was killed by the accidental discharge of a gun.

Wednesday, Sept. 19.

The Lyman brothers.—Twenty simoniacs of the Manchester (N. H.) school were arrested for having.—The Chinese army was completely routed by the Japanese at Ping-Yang.—A typhoid fever epidemic at Marlboro, Mass., had, to infected milk.—Isaac Fiske, who founded Fiske's band, died at Worcester, Mass.—Mrs. Mansfield, who was shot by her husband at Lewiston, Me., is dead.—A woman at Phenix, R. I., clubbed and kicked by her husband, attempted suicide.—A drunk man fatally beat his wife at Thompson, Conn.—The Commercial Life Insurance company has been ordered to discontinue business in Rhode Island.—The farmer Nanyone was lost with a crew of 50 Malays.—Bookbinders' friends are working to save their wagers.—Consul General Pollock died at Salvador of yellow fever.—The new sugar regulations meet the approval of Atlantic coast appraisers.—The gold

production of the year is expected to surpass previous estimates.—Father McFaul was appointed bishop of Trenton.—Three persons were burned to death in a Washington building, and three others are missing.

Wednesday, Sept. 19.

Gold hunters are gathering in southern Argentina.—Dutch troops are gradually subduing Lombok rebels.—Captain Hill of the Vigilant has started for America.—American master printers are in convention at Philadelphia.—J. R. Elliot has become 'champion wing shot' of the world.—John T. Dwyer has been appointed postmaster at Weymouth, Mass.—President-elect Moraes of Brazil has chosen his cabinet officers.—J. B. Ellis committed suicide at Hartford.—The new 'Planners' House' hotel, St. Louis, costing \$2,000,000, has opened.—Marshall H. Abbot (the J. B. Abbot) real estate dealer, who failed recently, owes \$13,000.—Berlin editors were fined for publishing false statements regarding a Hamburg-American line steamer.—John Simpkins defeated Congressman Randall in the Fall River (Mass.) Republican caucuses, getting 16 delegates.—An attempt was made to murder Judge D. E. Lawrence of Rutland, Vt.—Mills at South N. H., are running work.—Levi P. Morton was nominated for governor and Charles T. Saxton for lieutenant governor of New York by the Republican state convention.—Masked train robbers were beaten off by armed trainmen in Missouri.—The Wilsey Trust is said to be collapsing.—Over 1,000 Chinese prisoners were marched through Ping-Yang Sunday, and hundreds more are arriving there almost hourly.—A battle between Chinese and Japanese warships occurred at Yalu, with heavy loss on both sides.—William Hinkley, first tenor of the Brown University Glee club, died at Providence while under operation for appendicitis.—L. J. Zihony, confectioner and caterer of Worcester, Mass., has filed a voluntary petition in insolvency. His assets and liabilities are unknown.

Thursday, Sept. 20.

The western corn crop is the smallest on record.—A new record is being built in Marlboro, Mass.—This year's wheat crop will be the largest in the history of the state.—A soldier's monument was unveiled at Marlboro, N. H.—J. J. Ganss of Providence was killed at Wilminton, Mass.—Three persons were killed by lightning near Owensville, Ky.—President Peixoto of Brazil is suspected of intended treachery.—The postmaster at Mayflower, Mo., committed suicide to avoid arrest for theft.—Seven men were injured by an explosive placed on a railroad track near Alton, Ill.—A man fell from a third-story window in South Boston and was instantly killed.—Lynn (Mass.) gave a solid delegation of 41 for W. E. Barrett, insuring his nomination for congress.—Fall River (Mass.) union weavers are dissatisfied with district 11, and have elected a new one.—Fifteen hundred hands applied for work at the reopening of St. Croix cotton mill, Calais, Me.—Ex-Senator C. V. Coffin was nominated for governor by Connecticut Republicans.—Alix lowered the trading record to 2.93% at Oakesburg, Ill.—Yamagata is marching on Mukden with 15,000 men. Chinese troops landed at the mouth of Yalu river have been captured.—A \$3,000,000 treasure was captured at Ping-Yang.—The Chinese emperor has decided to assume personal management of hostilities.—German traders and missionaries have been assured of Chinese protection.—Billerica, Mass., voted to adopt as a town seal a plain seal inscribed 'City of Billerica, Mass., Incorporated 1635'.—The new agricultural school at Williamstown, Mass., is overran with pupils.—The directors of the Y. M. C. A. at North Adams, Mass., have decided to buy the residence of A. C. Houghton for \$16,000.—Samuel W. Spaulding of Danvers, Mass., dropped dead. He was 76 years of age and for many years was the owner of the stage line between Danvers and Salem.—Dr. Canille Cote, a practicing physician in Marlboro, Mass., was arrested, charged with criminal malpractice. He was released under \$5000 bonds.

Friday, Sept. 21.

Greek brigades were exterminated near Zamboula.—A negro murderer was lynched at Thomaston, Ga.—Halifax fishing in Greenland is reported good.—A library building was dedicated at North Rockfield, Mass.—A burglariously stolen woman at Jersey City.—Russian was caught taking notes of German fortifications.—A robber and murderer was allowed to escape from Atlanta.—Panama canal excavations will be delayed until December.—Tammany may run Judge Gaynor for governor of New York.—Boston Italians celebrated the fall of the temporal power of the pope.—Newark (N. J.) garment cutters won their strike against contractors.—Mrs. Helen Gougar has filed a motion for a new trial against Congressman Morse.—Frank E. Fowler of Lynn, Mass., indicted for using the mails for fraudulent purposes, pleaded guilty. Sentence was deferred.—Colonel Frank G. Henshaw, founder of the Newport (R. I.) Observer, is dead.—A Paris green fad is at work in Haverford, Conn.—Charles A. Riddle of Johnson, Vt., has mysteriously disappeared.—A barn of the Harvard Shakers at Ayer, Mass., was burned. Loss over \$10,000.—The captain of schooner Cocheco left his vessel and unpaid debt at Bangor, Me., and skipped. Directly lowered the 2-year-old trotting record to 2:07.—Admiral Walker is said to be likely to get the New York navy yard.—More remains of victims of the great Milwaukee fire have been found.—South Carolina judges affirmed the constitutionality of the dispensary law.—Further details of the naval engagement off the mouth of Yalu river show that the Japanese were the aggressors, though the debris of a falling ship in Naples.—Rossi, the celebrated Italian archaeologist, is dead.—Doctors have decided that there is no need of a further operation on Mr. Gladstone's eyes.—The annual parade of the Essex county knights of Pythias was held at Haverhill, Mass.—An 8-year-old son of William Wood has disappeared from his home at Fall River, Mass., and is supposed to have been drowned.—William Donnell, the well-known financial editor of the New York Tribune, died suddenly at the Hotel Plaza.—The Newport (Vt.) grand jury has found a bill against James Bow and Abner G. Cram for the murder of Isaac Miles of Greenboro.

Saturday, Sept. 22.

The western corn crop is the smallest on record.—A new record is being built in Marlboro, Mass.—This year's wheat crop will be the largest in the history of the state.—A soldier's monument was unveiled at Marlboro, N. H.—J. J. Ganss of Providence was killed at Wilminton, Mass.—Three persons were killed by lightning near Owensville, Ky.—President Peixoto of Brazil is suspected of intended treachery.—The postmaster at Mayflower, Mo., committed suicide to avoid arrest for theft.—Seven men were injured by an explosive placed on a railroad track near Alton, Ill.—A man fell from a third-story window in South Boston and was instantly killed.—Lynn (Mass.) gave a solid delegation of 41 for W. E. Barrett, insuring his nomination for congress.—Fall River (Mass.) union weavers are dissatisfied with district 11, and have elected a new one.—Fifteen hundred hands applied for work at the reopening of St. Croix cotton mill, Calais, Me.—Ex-Senator C. V. Coffin was nominated for governor by Connecticut Republicans.—Alix lowered the trading record to 2.93% at Oakesburg, Ill.—Yamagata is marching on Mukden with 15,000 men. Chinese troops landed at the mouth of Yalu river have been captured.—A \$3,000,000 treasure was captured at Ping-Yang.—The Chinese emperor has decided to assume personal management of hostilities.—German traders and missionaries have been assured of Chinese protection.—Billerica, Mass., voted to adopt as a town seal a plain seal inscribed 'City of Billerica, Mass., Incorporated 1635'.—The new agricultural school at Williamstown, Mass., is overran with pupils.—The directors of the Y. M. C. A. at North Adams, Mass., have decided to buy the residence of A. C. Houghton for \$16,000.—Samuel W. Spaulding of Danvers, Mass., dropped dead. He was 76 years of age and for many years was the owner of the stage line between Danvers and Salem.—Dr. Canille Cote, a practicing physician in Marlboro, Mass., was arrested, charged with criminal malpractice. He was released under \$5000 bonds.

Sunday, Sept. 23.

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Monday, Sept. 24.

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Tuesday, Sept. 25.

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Wednesday, Sept. 26.

The western corn crop is the smallest on record.—A new record is being built in Marlboro, Mass.—This year's wheat crop will be the largest in the history of the state.—A soldier's monument was unveiled at Marlboro, N. H.—J. J. Ganss of Providence was killed at Wilminton, Mass.—Three persons were killed by lightning near Owensville, Ky.—President Peixoto of Brazil is suspected of intended treachery.—The postmaster at Mayflower, Mo., committed suicide to avoid arrest for theft.—Seven men were injured by an explosive placed on a railroad track near Alton, Ill.—A man fell from a third-story window in South Boston and was instantly killed.—Lynn (Mass.) gave a solid delegation of 41 for W. E. Barrett, insuring his nomination for congress.—Fall River (Mass.) union weavers are dissatisfied with district 11, and have elected a new one.—Fifteen hundred hands applied for work at the reopening of St. Croix cotton mill, Calais, Me.—Ex-Senator C. V. Coffin was nominated for governor by Connecticut Republicans.—Alix lowered the trading record to 2.93% at Oakesburg, Ill.—Yamagata is marching on Mukden with 15,000 men. Chinese troops landed at the mouth of Yalu river have been captured.—A \$3,000,000 treasure was captured at Ping-Yang.—The Chinese emperor has decided to assume personal management of hostilities.—German traders and missionaries have been assured of Chinese protection.—Billerica, Mass., voted to adopt as a town seal a plain seal inscribed 'City of Billerica, Mass., Incorporated 1635'.—The new agricultural school at Williamstown, Mass., is overran with pupils.—The directors of the Y. M. C. A. at North Adams, Mass., have decided to buy the residence of A. C. Houghton for \$16,000.—Samuel W. Spaulding of Danvers, Mass., dropped dead. He was 76 years of age and for many years was the owner of the stage line between Danvers and Salem.—Dr. Canille Cote, a practicing physician in Marlboro, Mass., was arrested, charged with criminal malpractice. He was released under \$5000 bonds.

Thursday, Sept. 27.

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Friday, Sept. 28.

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Saturday, Sept. 29.

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Sunday, Sept. 30.

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Monday, Oct. 1.

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Wednesday, Oct. 3.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Foster's Weather Forecasts.

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ST. JOSEPH Mo, Sept. 22.—My last bulletin gave the forecast of the storm wave to cross the continent from September 20th to 24th and the next will reach the Pacific coast about the 24th, cross the western mountains by the 25th, the great central valleys from 26th to 28th and the eastern states about the 29th.

This disturbance will be of more than usual force and will develop its greatest energy east of the Mississippi. It will probably be accompanied by destructive storms and followed by killing frosts, the latter north of latitude thirty-eight.

The first October storm wave will reach the Pacific coast about September 30th, cross the western mountains by the 31st, the great central valleys from October 1st to 3d and the eastern states about the 5th.

General rains may be expected from the two storm waves mentioned above. Warm waves will cross the western mountains about September 24th and 30th, the great central valleys September 29th and October 2d, and the eastern states about September 26th and October 4th.

Cool waves will cross the western mountains about September 27th and October 3d, the great central valleys September 28th and October 5th, and the eastern states October 1st and 7th.

My calculations for October are not complete but indications are for warm, dry weather in the upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys—north of St. Louis, warm weather with average rain in the Ohio Valley and Tennessee, and warm, dry weather in the eastern states.

NOTES.

In southern central India a district of about 61,000 square miles—about 250 miles square—was many years ago covered with a dense forest and the rainfall decreased. As the forest grew up again the weather records of the district show that the rainfall largely increased.

Drouths had ruined the crops in the lower Nile river of Egypt. Trees were almost unknown. Sixty years ago the authorities planted millions of trees, caused them to be cultivated and cared for and as the new forests grew the rains increased.

The forests in the upper Mississippi and the Missouri valleys are being rapidly destroyed. This will greatly aid in bringing drouth and will cause an expansion of the arid districts.

Unless the destruction of the forests in and near the Rocky mountains is stopped and the trees permitted to grow there will soon be no water with which to irrigate the arid countries.

In these weather bulletins the term western mountains has reference to the country lying west of the Rocky mountain crest; great central valleys cover the country between the crests of the Rocky and Alleghany mountains, including Mississippi and Alabama; the eastern states all east of the Alleghany crest, including the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida.

St. Vincent, in northwestern Minnesota, is the coldest place in the United States except the tops of a few mountain peaks.

The soil breathes air. While the high barometer is passing the air is heavier and is forced into the soil and when the low barometer passes the pressure being less permits the air to exude from the soil. These occur at from three to eight days apart and might be compared with the long breathing of animals. The shorter barometric changes occur daily.

The moon is gaining time and astronomers cannot account for it. If they will start right they might come out right in their conclusions. The moon is not a piece of the earth as they suppose, reasoning from the nebular theory basis, but was a comet and collided with the earth. The attenuated matter—lighter than the atmosphere—surrounding the earth and revolving with it at great elevations is the force

that causes the moon to revolve around the earth and as that matter moves faster than the moon the latter very naturally increases in velocity and will continue to do so till the velocity and the force of the earth's surrounding elements are equalized. If the moon had originated from the earth its velocity would at first have been equal to the earth's rotation velocity and would now be losing time but as it was a foreign substance and came into the earth's atmosphere like a meteor, it requires time for it to take up the motion of the earth's envelope.

A gill of salt water becomes thirty gallons of vapor when evaporated. Water, therefore, expands 900 volumes by evaporation before it reaches the state of vapor. The volume of gold is increased 13,000 times by evaporation to the density of hydrogen. The other of space is immensely more expanded or attenuated than hydrogen gas. In these expansions and condensations lie all the secrets of motion, world building and life.

In the limitless depths of space there probably are decaying systems but in this universe of ours—this cluster of stars reaching further into space than the ken of our most powerful telescope—condensation, the building of worlds, is the universal rule. Continents are denuded and the debris forms new continents in the oceans. Analogous to this there may be decaying universes, far out in the dark depths of space that are going to decay, the debris of which is carried to our cluster by the currents of the ether of space.

Does the sap in trees ever rise or is it which makes the tree receive from the atmosphere through the leaves? If the sap never rises and is not gathered by the roots moisture it is necessary in order to keep the electric currents in connection with good conductors. If you want to heal a bruise on a tree place a wire around it, below the bruise, so tightly as to sink the wire into the bark. This will usually heal it. If the sap rises, it would appear necessary to place the wire above the bruise but that will not heal the tree.

TIVERTON.

Rev. W. Kugler, pastor of the M. E. church, Little Compton, exchanged pulpits Sunday morning with Rev. James C. Roberts.

Rev. I. W. Porter and family have returned from their visit to Nova Scotia.

Ex-Judge Thomas Durfee and wife, of Providence, are staying at the Durfee home, Nantuxet.

Miss Lottie Munroe, of Fall River, is the guest of Mrs. John E. Seabury.

Samuel W. Hathaway left town Monday on a business trip to Illinois.

The Shove Mills corporation has sold to Sarah A. Broderick, of Tiverton, for \$150, 22.95 rods of land, which is lot 17, in section B.

Charles O. Estes, of Fall River, has sold to William T. Estes, of Fall River, two parcels of land, situated in Tiverton, the first one containing 3.13 acres, the second 4.72 acres of woodland.

Ermina Wilcox, of New Bedford, is the guest of Mrs. M. T. Fuller.

Mrs. Clarence O. Gray is on a visit to friends at Norwell.

Steamer Washonka carried passengers to Block Island Wednesday, the weather was not very favorable for the excursion which somewhat interfered with the pleasure of the excursionists.

Mrs. Leander Dodge a resident of Freetown Neck is seriously ill.

Miss Amanda N. Chase who has been spending a week in town has returned to Fall River.

Mr. John J. Gifford and Miss Mamie B. Crapo of Russell's Mills has been visiting relatives in town this week.

Mr. James McCroery and family of Fall River have closed their summer

residence for the season. Cornelius S. Green of Fall River has also closed his summer cottage on the heights.

Joseph Ayer of Tiverton has sold to Sarah S. Manchester of Little Compton, 40 square rods of land more or less with buildings known as lot No. 12, in section A, Dolle Yue Heights.

Oliver H. P. Howard of Tiverton, has sold to Mercy A. Chase of Fall River the homestead farm formerly owned by George N. Durfee containing 170 acres of land.

Rev. W. C. Byer of Uxbridge, New York, will occupy the pulpit of the Free Baptist church Sunday.

PORTSMOUTH.

On Thursday morning Mr. W. S. Butler placed a pint of ripe straw berries.

The long drought is broken at last for which many are very grateful. The fields are taking on a green here and there and farmers are feeling encouraged.

Quite a large number of persons from the island visited the State Fair this week.

People at the northeast part of the town find a great convenience in having the Little Compton steamer stop daily, at the wharf at foot of Black Point lane.

Rev. William H. Allen of the Middle-town Methodist Church occupied the pulpit of the Methodist Church in this town Sunday forenoon, the pastor, Rev. George H. Butler, being on a vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel A. Carter have been visiting his brother, William T. Carter, and family of Westport, Mass.

Sunday afternoon a two-horse carriage driven by a man from Fall River, having in it besides himself, women and children, was going down the hill on the road leading from the East Main road to Ferry Neck, one of the pole straps broke and the horses started on a run.

A team was approaching from the opposite direction and the occupants jumped out and used their best endeavors to stop the team and were successful, although the carriage was overturned and the occupants were thrown out. Although badly shaken up, no serious injury seemed to be sustained.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward A. Coggeshall are on a visit to their father, Cyrus H. Coggeshall, of Fairhaven, Mass., and will also visit other relatives in New Bedford before their return.

The Queen City of the Seacoast Steamboat Company made her first landing at Brownell's wharf Monday morning and there was a large company on the wharf to welcome her. Nine passengers went on board and one came off. There was one box of freight shipped. Now the steamer is expected to touch at the wharf twice a day.

Mr. William J. Brown, who has been at the Newport Hospital for an operation, returned home Tuesday and is reported as doing well.

Messrs. George C. Barker & Son, of Newport, are painting the new town hall.

Fifteen women were fishing from Brownell's wharf at one time on Wednesday.

Mr. J. Fred Sherman is visiting his grandparents, Rev. William Miller and wife, in Swansea.

The New Enrollment Law.

What is called the Onthwaite law has been signed by the President, making some important changes in the conditions of enlistment in the United States Army. Hereafter, no alien can be enlisted to become a soldier of the United States; the recruit must be a native American or have taken out full citizenship papers. The term of enlistment henceforth is two years, and there is no provision, as at present, for "buying out" before the term of enlistment has expired. The provision of the present law that no soldier shall re-enlist after ten years' service is repealed. The soldier must stay two years, and he may stay thereafter until retired under the veteran act. The young able-bodied American citizens who wish to learn the life and duty of a soldier have now a better opportunity than ever before.

Wasn't He Cute?

Mrs. Updodate—I saw little Willie this morning.

Mr. Updodate—Great heavens! you don't mean that.

Mrs. Updodate—Yes, I did. I went up to the nursery to see the little fellow. You know our social burdens have been so great that I have not been able to get a look at our boy for nearly a year, and of course I thought he had quite forgotten me. But—would you believe it?—the dear little fellow knew me. At first he looked puzzled, but when I said, "Willie, don't you know me?" his pretty eyes brightened, and he answered, "I think I have seen you before."

"Of course you have," I said. "Don't you remember I came to see you last summer, when you were going to the country?" "Oh, yes, now I know you," he exclaimed. "You are my mamma." Oh, wasn't he cute!

A Little Skeptic.

Little Boy—Did you ever see a comet?

Little Girl—No.

"Neither did I. I don't believe there is a comet."

"You ought to be ashamed to talk that way. You'll be saying you don't believe in ghosts next."—Good News.

One good woman can turn more steps heavenward than forty preachers can.

CHINA'S BIG LOSS.

Three Warships Sunk and Another Destroyed by Fire.

Several Other Vessels Received Considerable Damage—Further Particulars of the Battle OF FORT VALU.

TOKIO, Sept. 21.—The naval department has received a dispatch from the admiral commanding the Japanese fleet in the gulf of Pe-Chi-Li, to the effect that he engaged the enemy on Monday last and inflicted heavy loss.

It is added that a Japanese fleet consisting of nine warships and two fast transports, sailed on Monday last for the north coast of the island of Formosa, which was sighted at noon Monday, 35 miles northeast of the island of Hui-Yung-Pao.

The Japanese pursued the enemy at full speed. The Chinese showed no disposition to alter their course or to give battle. The chase lasted a little over an hour, the Japanese gaining. Shortly after 1 o'clock the cruiser Chioa got within range of the Chinese flagship, the guns of which opened fire upon her, and a running fight ensued. Several vessels on both sides were engaged. This lasted over two hours.

The Chinese transports entered the Yalu river safely during the main engagement, which was fought in the estuary and which lasted until midnight. Three Chinese warships were successfully disabled and sunk, and another was set on fire and destroyed. Several others of the enemy's warships were seriously damaged by the heavy fire from the Japanese cruisers, but they managed to get away unscathed.

The Japanese warships were so well handled that not one was lost. Only two, the Matsushima and Hiyu, were damaged to any extent, but one of the armed transports was badly crippled and put out of action.

A private dispatch says that the total casualties on the Japanese side did not exceed 100. The dispatch further says that the news of the Japanese victory has caused great rejoicing in Tokio.

Probably a Murder.

BOSTON, Sept. 21.—Ellis Whitfield, of mature years, was shot in Dorchester last night by a man at present unknown. She was found at the Ashmont station, at about 11:30 o'clock. There was a bullet wound in her left temple. She was taken to the city hospital, where her death is expected at any moment. The shooting is enveloped in mystery.

Victory For Barrett.

BOSTON, Sept. 20.—The fight between Hon. W. E. Barrett and Hon. R. B. Hayes for the Republican club of Massachusetts in the Seventh congressional nomination in the outer court of the Hayes cohorts. Hayes' own city of Lynn went against Barrett who have 17 delegates and Hayes only 40.

Change of Officers.

BOSTON, Sept. 21.—At a special meeting of the Republican club of Massachusetts, Francis H. Appleton of Pawtucket, who has served the club two years as secretary, was elected president, and Forrest C. Manchester of Winchester, after a three years' service on the executive committee, was elected secretary.

Want Old Rate Restored.

BENNINGTON, Vt., Sept. 18.—Over 800 employees of the Bennington woolen mills struck work here yesterday in demand for a restoration of a 10 per cent reduction made last February. The firm states that the order for the reduction last winter was made necessary in order to compete with other concerns.

A Generous Offer.

WORCESTER, Mass., Sept. 18.—Stephen Salisbury formerly offered to the city last night a lot of land containing 65,000 square feet and \$100,000 in addition to a sum to be appropriated by the city for a new city hall. The land is worth about \$250,000.

Costello Loses His Suit.

ROCKVILLE, Conn., Sept. 20.—The jury rendered a verdict in the case of John Costello vs. A. E. Barr of the Hartford Times, in favor of The Times. Costello claimed damages in \$10,000 for libel. The jury was out 18 minutes. Costello pays all costs.

Portland Druggists Indicted.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 17.—The grand jury has reported indictments for liquor selling against the wholesale drug stores and many retail drug stores in this city. Many of the druggists indicted pleaded guilty and paid fines.

Through a Scuffle.

NASHUA, N. H., Sept. 17.—Edward Hamlin, 10 years of age, while at play in the country, was run over by a horse and cart, and fell through a scuffle to a stair-step, fracturing his skull and receiving fatal injuries.

Crazed by Drink.

HARTFORD, Sept. 18.—Andrew Howard of Thompson returned home drunk and beat his invalid wife so severely that she will die. Howard is a peaceable man when sober, but drink develops his brutal instincts.

Robbed and Shot.

WATERVILLE, Me., Sept. 13.—Frank Doo of East Vassalboro was held up and robbed near here. He was shot in the leg. The bullet has not been extracted, but the wound is not thought to be dangerous.

Died in a Hack.

BANGOR, Me., Sept. 21.—J. H. P. Price of Philadelphia, aged 65, a well-to-do merchant, died in a hack here while being carried from a train to a hotel. Heart disease was probably the cause of death.

The A. P. A. Denounced.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 21.—At a meeting of the Springfield Democratic club, speeches were made derogatory to the A. P. A., and resolutions were adopted denouncing that organization.

Religious Factions Stirred Up.

AMESBURY, Mass., Sept. 21.—There is a religious war at Salisbury over the appointment of Miss Cavanagh, a Catholic, as grammar school teacher. The state board of education will investigate.

Accident May Prove Fatal.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Sept. 21.—Edward S. Cleveland was accidentally shot in the side at Cottage City by a rifle in the hands of Mr. Holmes. It is feared that the wound will prove fatal.

To Read On Simpkins.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Sept. 21.—Mayor Oughlan has been requested by independent to become a candidate for congress from this district, but he has not given any definite answer.

The Author of "America."

NEWTON, Mass., Sept. 17.—Rev. Samuel F. Smith, D. D., the author of "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," was married 60 years ago yesterday. The lapse of three score years has not dulled the recollection of that happy day, but he and his good wife passed the anniversary quietly, preferring that no gathering or special observance mark the event. Many friends sent congratulations by letter, and some offered gifts.

Pitt's Rebuke.

On the occasion a member of the House of Commons made use of the phrase, "King, lords and commons," or "the three estates of the realm," as that right honorable member would call them, "Commons, lords and king." Mr. Pitt rose with great deliberation and called to order. "I have frequently heard in this House doctrines which have surprised me," he said, "but now my blood runs cold. I desire the words of the honorable member may be taken down." The clerk of the House wrote the words. "Blug them to me," commanded Mr. Pitt, in a voice of thunder. By this time the offending member was thoroughly frightened. "Sir," he said, addressing himself to the Speaker, "I am sorry to have given offence to the right honorable gentleman, or to the House. I meant nothing. King, lords and commons; lords, king and commons; commons, lords and king; tria juncta in una. I meant nothing; indeed, I meant nothing." Mr. Pitt then rose and said gravely: "I do not wish to push the matter further; the moment a man acknowledges his error, he ceases to be guilty. I have a great regard for the honorable member, and as an instance of that regard, I give him this advice: that whenever he means anything, he will say nothing."

Children have queer times mastering the usually simple English verb. Two little tots were at the table the other day, when one of them said: "The man bring it here." "No," with a look of intense disgust, the older one replied, "not bring, brang."—Exchange.

Boarded Lady—"The manager is in great trouble just now." Snake Charmer: "What is the matter?" Boarded Lady: "He has proposed to the two-headed girl. One of her accepted him and one rejected him."

New Advertisements.

Farm for Sale.

WILL BE SOLD at public auction, TUESDAY, October 22, at 12 o'clock noon, on the premises of said farm, if not the first day, the farm of Miss A. Anthony, of Fall River, containing 21 acres of good tillage land, with a two-story house and other buildings, and a never-failing spring of water. Said farm is on the south side of the road leading to the Portsmouth railroad depot and about five minutes' walk, and one mile and a half from Bristol Ferry.

L. D. TALLMAN, Auctioneer.

Old Colony Railroad Company.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of the Old Colony Railroad Company will be held at the United States Hotel, in Boston, on Tuesday, the twenty-fifth day of September, 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the following purposes:—

1. To act upon the report of the directors to the stockholders.

2. To choose a board of directors for the ensuing year.

3. To consider if the stockholders will authorize the directors to issue bonds to an amount not exceeding \$2,000,000, and to pass all votes necessary therefor.

4. To act upon any other business that may properly be brought before the meeting.

By order of the directors, EDWARD G. PARKER, Clerk.

August 21st, 1894.

N. Y. N. H. & H. R. CO.

Stockholders of the Old Colony Railroad Company, and NO OTHER PERSONS, will be passed over the railroad to the meeting on September 25th, 1894, and after its adjournment on Tuesday, the twenty-fifth day of September, 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the following purposes:—

1. To act upon the report of the directors to the stockholders.

2. To choose a board of directors for the ensuing year.

3. To consider if the stockholders will authorize the directors to issue bonds to an amount not exceeding \$2,000,000, and to pass all votes necessary therefor.

4. To act upon any other business that may properly be brought before the meeting.

By order of the directors, EDWARD G. PARKER, Clerk.

August 21st, 1894.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 19, 1894.

NOTICE.

To the Policy-Holders of the

COMMERCIAL ALLIANCE

Life Insurance Company

IN RHODE ISLAND.

All policy-holders paying premiums on their policies in this State, and who are entitled to a dividend, are hereby notified to discontinue business in Rhode Island.

O. L. LANDERS, Insurance Commissioner.

Read This Carefully.

It is an indisputable fact that we can and will sell you a

FIRST-CLASS PIANO

for less money than any dealer in Newport or any other city. Good proof of this is the way our business has increased in the last year. It is also worth your while to consider that every instrument we sell is of the best material, selected and warranted perfect, and when we say it is worth it, if you are considering the purchasing of a Piano, you are most cordially invited to inspect our stock.

JAMES H. BARNEY, Jr. & Co., (rep. M. Steinert & Sons.)

154 Thames Street, Jamestown and Newport Ferry Co.

On and after Friday, Sept. 21, STEAMER CONANICUT

WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Newport, 6.45, 9.15, 10.30, 11.45 A. M., 1.15, 3.00, 4.50, 5.30, 6.30 P. M. Sundays, 8.30, 10.30 A. M.; 12.30, 2.30, 4.30, 6.30 P. M.

Leave Jamestown, 8.15, 9.15, 9.45, 11.15 A. M., 12.30, 2.15, 3.45, 5.00, 6.00 P. M. Sundays, 8.00, 10.00 A. M.; 12.30, 3.30 P. M.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of the power of sale contained in certain Mortgage Deeds, made and executed by certain parties of the County of Washington in the District of Columbia, to the Island Savings Bank, bearing date June 10th, A. D. 1890, and recorded in the Office of the County of Washington in the County of Newport and State of Rhode Island, Vol. 11, pages 51 and 92, there having been default in the performance of the condition contained in said mortgages, there will be sold at public auction, on the premises hereinafter described, in said town of Jamestown, on SATURDAY, September 22d, A. D. 1894, at ten o'clock A. M., all the right, title and interest of the said Mary A. Mitchell, at the time of the execution of the said Mortgage to and to all that certain lot or parcel of land situated in said town of Jamestown, and bounded and described as follows, viz: East by Clark street, two hundred and forty feet; South by the lot of the said Mary A. Mitchell, one hundred and ten (110) feet; West by land now or late of Daniel Watson and Isaac K. Houghton, two hundred and forty (240) feet; and North by Clark street, one hundred and ten (110) feet, containing twenty-six thousand and four hundred (26,400) square feet of land, and situate in said town of Jamestown, and bounded and described as follows, viz: East by Clark street, two hundred and forty feet; South by the lot of the said Mary A. Mitchell, one hundred and ten (110) feet; West by land now or late of Daniel Watson and Isaac K. Houghton, two hundred and forty (240) feet; and North by Clark street, one hundred and ten (110) feet, containing twenty-six thousand and four hundred (26,400) square feet of land, and situate in said town of Jamestown, and bounded and described as follows, viz: East by Clark street, two hundred and forty feet; South by the lot of the said Mary A. Mitchell, one hundred and ten (110) feet; West by land now or late of Daniel Watson and Isaac K. Houghton, two hundred and forty (240) feet; and North by Clark street, one hundred and ten (110) feet, containing twenty-six thousand and four hundred (26,400) square feet of land, and situate in said town of Jamestown, and bounded and described as follows, viz: East by Clark street, two hundred and forty feet; South by the lot of the said Mary A. Mitchell, one hundred and ten (110) feet; West by land now or late of Daniel Watson and Isaac K. Houghton, two hundred and forty (240) feet; and North by Clark street, one hundred and ten (110) feet, containing twenty-six thousand and four hundred (26,400) square feet of land, and situate in said town of Jamestown, and bounded and described as follows, viz: East by Clark street, two hundred and forty feet; South by the lot of the said Mary A. Mitchell, one hundred and ten (110) feet; West by land now or late of Daniel Watson and Isaac K. Houghton, two hundred and forty (240) feet; and North by Clark street, one hundred and ten (110) feet, containing twenty-six thousand and four hundred (26,400) square feet of land, and situate in said town of Jamestown, and bounded and described as follows, viz: East by Clark street, two hundred and forty feet; South by the lot of the said Mary A. Mitchell, one hundred and ten (110) feet; West by land now or late of Daniel Watson and Isaac K. Houghton, two hundred and forty (240) feet; and North by Clark street, one hundred and ten (110) feet, containing twenty-six thousand and four hundred (26,400) square feet of land, and situate in said town of Jamestown, and bounded and described as follows, viz: East by Clark street, two hundred and forty feet; South by the lot of the said Mary A. Mitchell, one hundred and ten (110) feet; West by land now or late of Daniel Watson and Isaac K. Houghton, two hundred and forty (240) feet; and North by Clark street, one hundred and ten (110) feet, containing twenty-six thousand and four hundred (26,400) square feet of land, and situate in said town of Jamestown, and bounded and described as follows, viz: East by Clark street, two hundred and forty feet; South by the lot of the said Mary A. Mitchell, one hundred and ten (110) feet; West by land now or late of Daniel Watson and Isaac K. Houghton, two hundred and forty (240) feet; and North by Clark street, one hundred and ten (110) feet, containing twenty-six thousand and four hundred (26,400) square feet of land, and situate in said town of Jamestown, and bounded and described as follows, viz: East by Clark street, two hundred and forty feet; South by the lot of the said Mary A. Mitchell, one hundred and ten (110) feet; West by land now or late of Daniel Watson and Isaac K. Houghton,